



Researchers who are Refugees: Findings and Reflections from a Participatory Study of Connected Learning Higher Education Programs in Emergencies

Panel Chairs

Dr. Dhinesh Radhakrishnan, Purdue University Dr. Jennifer DeBoer, Purdue University

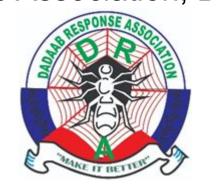
Presenters

Mohamed Talil Abdullahi, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Bernard Ruragira, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Almarat Ngutulu, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Arte Dagane, Dadaab Response Association, Dadaab

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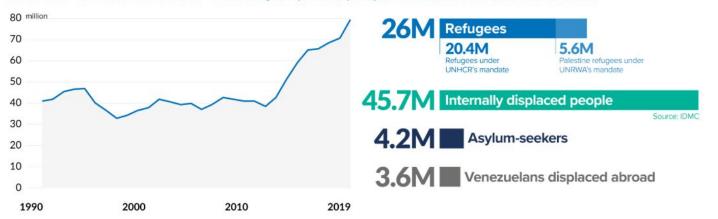
Poll

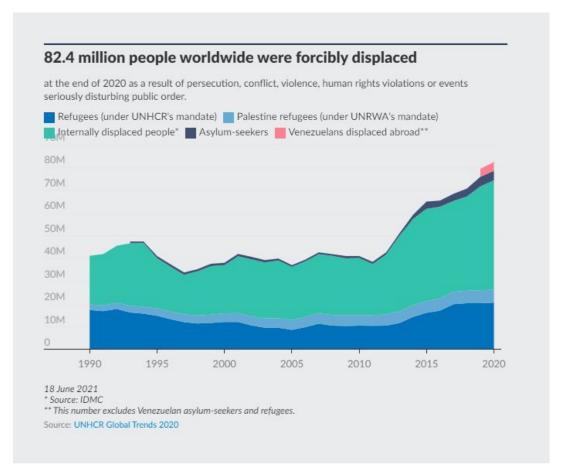
What is the total number of displaced people worldwide now?

For context, in 2000, this number was approximately 20 million people globally.

Forcibly Displaced

79.5 MILLION forcibly displaced people worldwide at the end of 2019

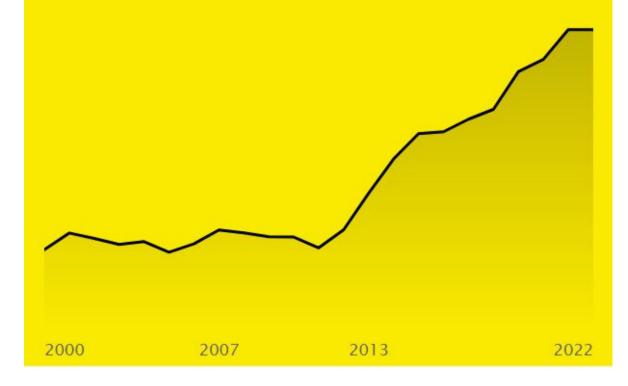




103 MILLION

Forcibly displaced people worldwide

While a full picture is yet to be established,
UNHCR estimates that global forced
displacement has reached 103 million at mid2022.



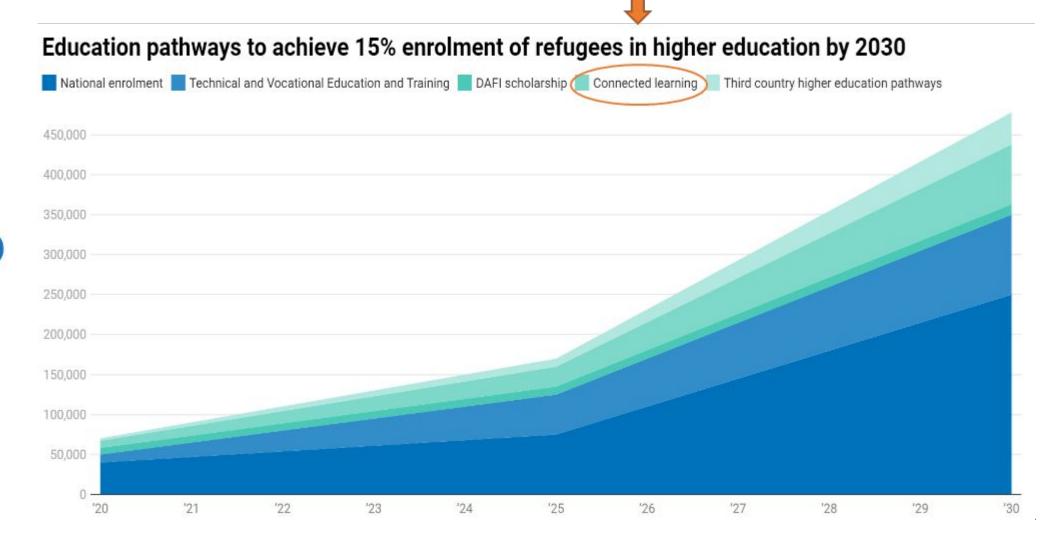
Tertiary Education in Emergencies

- Global average higher education enrollment more than 40%
- Refugee higher education enrollment 6% (2023)



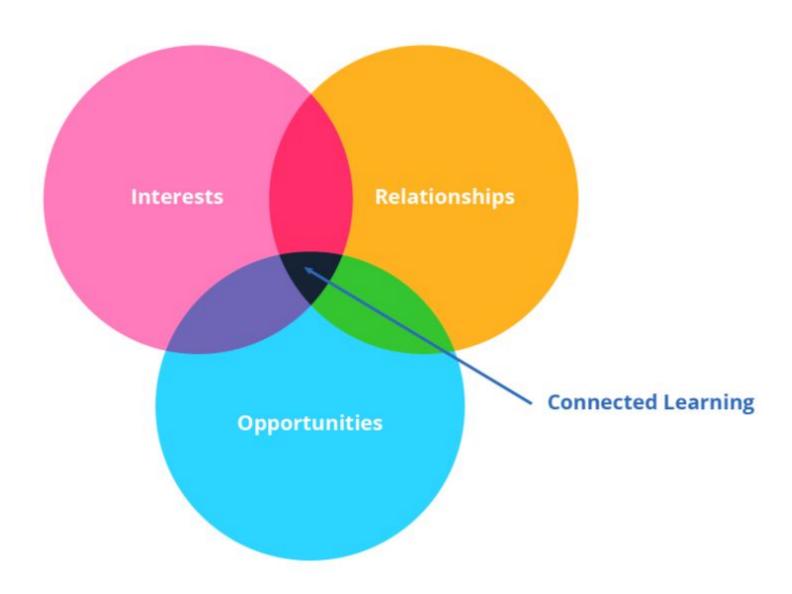
15by30 Roadmap

Coming Together to Achieve 15% Enrolment by 2030





Connected Learning



Connected Learning: Core Constructs

Interests

Learning is motivating when it grows out of personal interest.

Relationships

Learners need support from peers and mentors to persist through setbacks and challenges

Opportunities

Success beyond the classroom requires tangible connections to real-world career and civic opportunities.

Interest Powered	Opportunity (Academically Oriented)	Production Centered	Shared Purpose	Openly Networked	Peer Supported
Deepest Experience:	Deepest Experience:	Deepest Experience:	Deepest Experience:	Deepest Experience:	Deepest Experience:
Youth pursue their	Youth report multiple	Youth ask for and iterate	Youth participate in	Youth have access all the	Other people broker
interests in a way that	ways that their	based on feedback on	activities with a common	time to needed digital	access to new
pervades their lives, and	experience of the activity	their designs,	purpose, equitable	tools and support for	opportunities and
their pursuit deepens	supports their school-	consistently applying a	participation, and	their use; pathways of	resources to deepen and
their knowledge, and	related activities.	critical stance toward	opportunities to lead and	participation across	pursue interests.
expands their horizons.	5.00	their own and others'	contribute.	places to deepen interest	
		designs. They circulate		are transparent and	
		designs to a broad		accessible.	
		audience whose thinking			
		and action they seek to			
		influence.			

Research in Crisis Contexts



- Evidence is emerging of unethical and potentially exploitative research being undertaken among refugee and other displaced groups by researchers (McDowell et al. 2004; Pittaway and Bartolomei 2002)
- The challenges arise from a range of intersecting issues

power, consent and community representation; confidentiality; trust and mistrust; harms, risks and benefits; autonomy and agency; cultural difference; gender; human rights and social justice; oppression and exploitation (McKenzie et al., 2007).

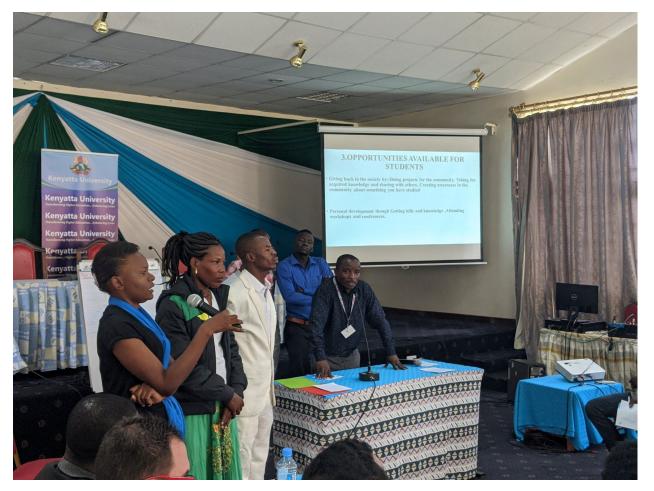
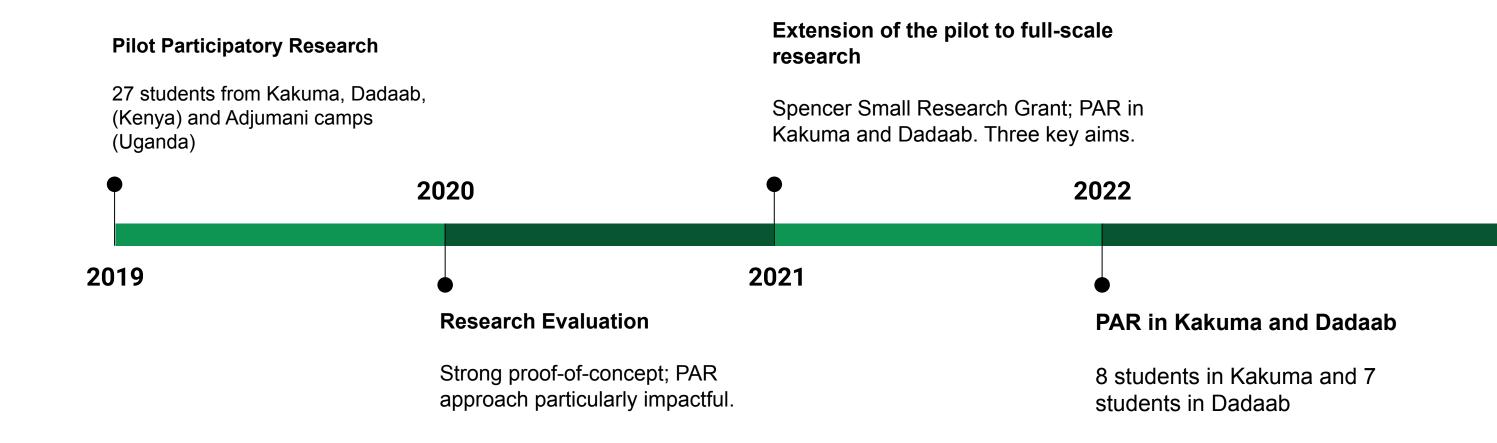


Image: Researchers from Kakuma camp presenting their pilot PAR study results in Nairobi

Connected Learning



Overall Research Questions



- 1. How do learners in fragile contexts (Kakuma) experience and respond to the **three crucial contexts for connected learning** (interest powered, peer-supported, and academically oriented)?
- 2. What are the learners' **experiences with the core properties** (production-cantered, shared purpose, and openly networked) of CL programs?
- 3. What are the CL program outcomes experienced by learners in fragile contexts?
- 4. How does **technology influence** the learner's experience and the program outcomes?
- 5. How do the refugee researchers **collaboratively produce critical knowledge** that is relevant and actionable for their community?
- 6. In what ways do refugee researchers transfer research results into everyday CL practices in their contexts? What is the process of results dissemination?



PAR Research Training

Pre-Research	Research	Post-Research
 Donor Proposal Establishing partnership contract with Refugee Led Organization IRB (US and Kenya) Participating researchers in each RLO Funds dissemination Online and face-to-face training 	 Research design (methodology and instrument design) Amend IRB Data collection Data Analysis Preliminary dissemination and feedback Review and Revise 	 Report development Dissemination to community Dissemination to stakeholders Lead transformation Next steps Next proposal/cycle



PAR Research Training

Pre-Research Research Post-Research

- 1. Donor Proposal
- Establishing partnership contract with Refugee Led Organization
- 3. IRB (US and Kenya)
- 4. Participating researchers in each RLO
- 5. Funds dissemination
- 6. Online and face-to-face training

- Research design (methodology and instrument design)
- 2. Amend IRB
- 3. Data collection
- 4. Data Analysis
- 5. Preliminary dissemination and feedback
- 6. Review and Revise

- 1. Report development
- 2. Dissemination to community
- 3. Dissemination to stakeholders
- 4. Lead transformation
- 5. Next steps
- 6. Next proposal/cycle







Participatory Action Research on Connected Learning in Kakuma Refugee Camp

Presenters

Mohamed Talil Abdullahi, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Bernard Ruragira, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Almarat Ngutulu, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma

Research Team

Simon Ajoung Makuei, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Huda Arbab, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Alain Pakum, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma Ntihabose Violette, Youth Education and Sports, Kakuma



Youth Education and Sports is an independent refugee-led organization developed by, run by, and run for the refugee youth of Kakuma/Kalobeyei integrated settlement in Northwest Kenya.

Programs: Social Emotional Learning (SEL), Higher Education and Research pillar.

Number of staff: 18

Number of student: 50



- Research Training
- Research questions formulation (Adding specific questions in addition to the overall)
- Data collection tools review and development Redesigning the CLCC survey tool and created a Focus Group protocol
 - > (The PAR team contextualized the Connected Learning survey to make it relevant for the Kakuma students.)
- Data Collection
- Data Cleaning
- Data Analysis



Data Collected

- Quantitative data 203 survey responses were collected.
- Qualitative 2 sessions of FGD with 15 students total (9 and 7 in each) lasting 2 hours on average for each session



RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- 7. What are some of the examples of social changes that refugee students bring to the community after getting higher education through connected learning?
- 8. How are the certificates issued by the connected higher education institutions operating in the camps applicable to the African education and job market?



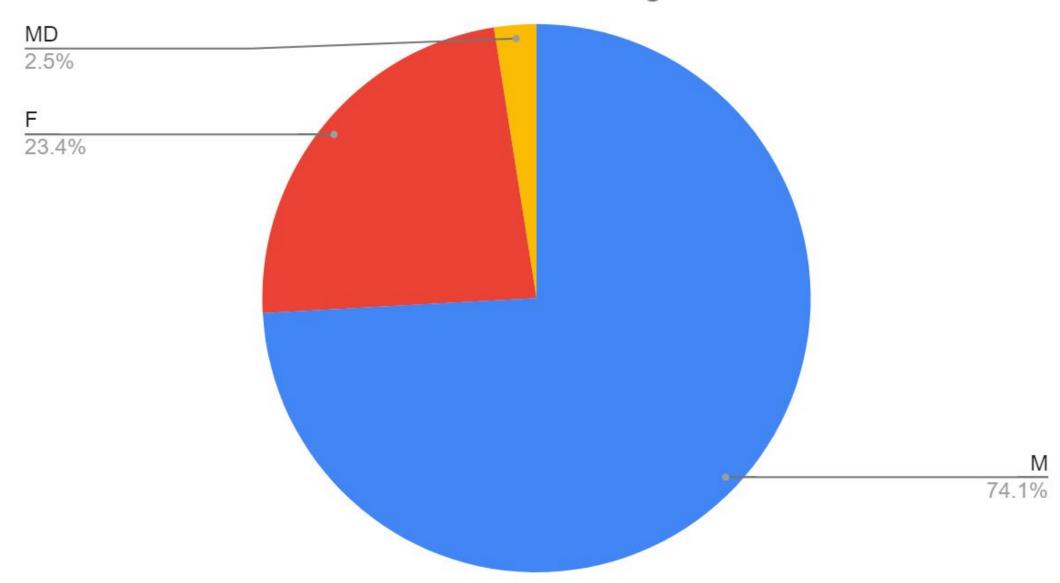
Examples:-

CE2. In the past 12 months, have you

- a. Worked or cooperated with others to try to solve a problem affecting your community or neighborhood?
- b. Participated in community initiative meetings (poetry slam), youth conferences (forum), Kakuma cultural events (musical performance) or other events where young people expressed their leadership skills or political views?
- CE3. Please tell us if you have supported a refugee block leader or a youth leader in the past 12 months by: (Mark all that apply.)
- a. Attending a meeting, (rally or dinner), speech?
- b. Working on a campaign?
- c. Carry a preferred candidate picture, posting a poster in your block? (Wearing a campaign button, putting a campaign sticker in your car)

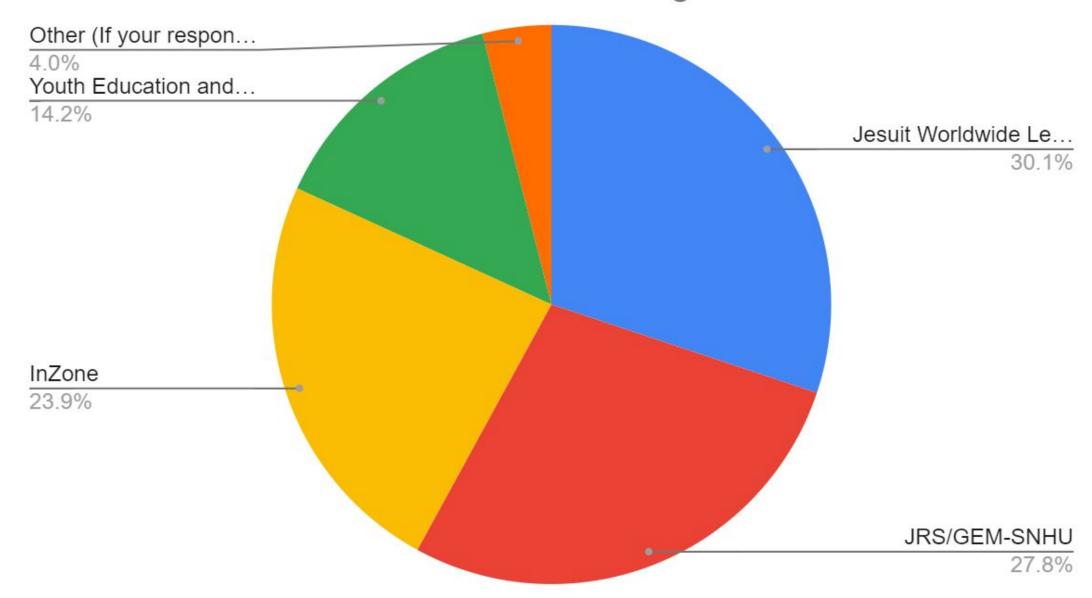


Gender Distribution across CL Learning institutions in kakuma





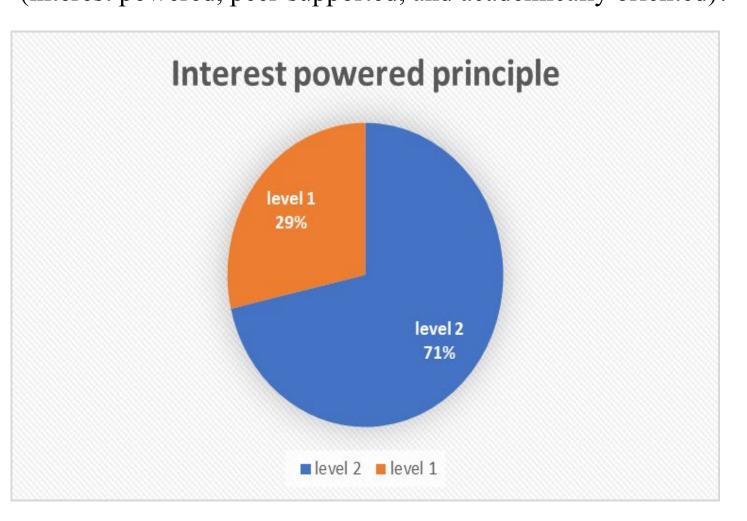
Learners Distribution across CL learning institutions in Kkm





Connected Learning Principles

1. How do learners in fragile contexts (Kakuma) experience and respond to the three crucial contexts for connected learning (interest powered, peer-supported, and academically oriented)?



Level 1 - Youth pursue their interest in one place, without developing knowledge they can apply to other settings.

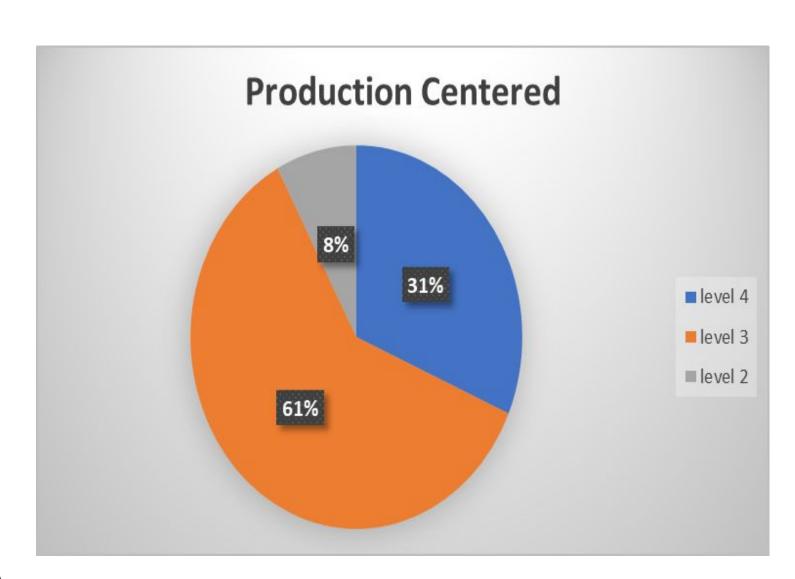
Level 2 - Youth pursue their interest with others in organized youth activities, and their pursuit carries over into some related activities.

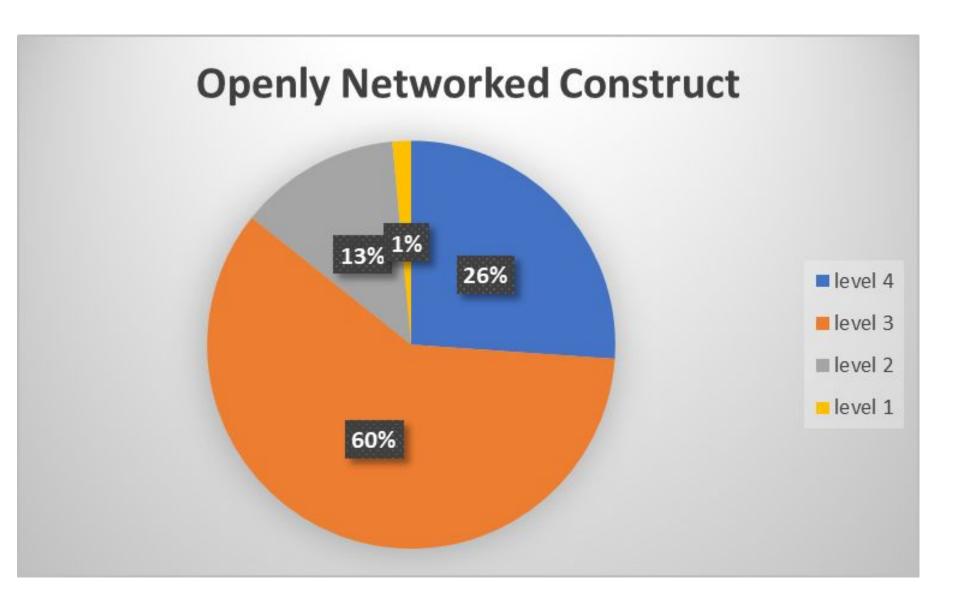
Level 3 - Youth pursue their interests with others across some settings of their lives, and their pursuit leads to knowledge and skills they can apply to some other activities.

Level 4 - Youth pursue their interests in a way that pervades their lives, and their pursuit deepens their knowledge, and expands their horizons.



- 2. What are the learners' **experiences with the core properties** (production-cantered, shared purpose, and openly networked) of CL programs?
- Level 1 Limited design or production
- Level 2- Youth do not seek feedback on their designs or adopt a critical stance toward those designs. They circulate their designs to a limited audience
- Level 3 -Youth ask for feedback on their designs, occasionally applying a critical stance toward their own and others' designs. They circulate their designs to a broad audience
- Level 4 -Youth ask for and iterate based on feedback on their designs, consistently applying a critical stance toward their own and others' designs. They circulate designs to a broad audience whose thinking and action they seek to influence.





- Level 4- youth have access all the time to needed digital tools and support for their use; pathways of participation across places to deepen interest are transparent and accessible.
- Level 3 Youth have access most of the time to needed digital tools and support for their use; pathways of participation within one place to deepen interest are transparent and accessible.
- Level 2 Youth have access some of the time to needed digital tools and support for their use; pathways of participation are accessible within one place, but the person feels they are not transparent.
- Level 1 Youth do not have access to needed digital tools and support for their use; path

7. What are some of the examples of social changes that refugee students bring to the community after getting higher education through connected learning?

- Community Initiatives- Students took community initiatives to respond some of the social challenges in the community.
- Volunteerism- Volunteer at Refugee led-organizations.
- Connected learning certification is relevant in Kakuma whereby most of the respondents cited they couldn't find job or further HE opportunities.
- Lack of enough support with resources or internship opportunities was a challenge as cited in the qualitative responses.

"I encouraged some of the young boys that we are staying around. Our neighbors, tell the boys that, "Let us go to this LOKADU organization, then we can get some trees and then we plant them." At that moment, I collect almost 15 boys from different homes. And then we ran... when we brought them, I'll teach them on how they should stay with the trees. After all, you see the trees are growing. I feel like after all, I've given back to the community." - KM6

"We started an initiative to increase food availability in the camp. We have been majorly doing that by producing crops and fish. So we have been raring fish and crops stability. Now we are expanding to also currently [inaudible 01:07:20] in Kakuma 2 area. So from January, we're going to have fish ponds in Kakuma 2. Still at the Vijanawawesa club, we have got to develop many other projects. We have done a sustainable agriculture with primary schools in 2021." - KM7

Key Takeaways

- Producing locally evidence-based results is important to improve the experience of refugees and inform policy and programmatic interventions that are responsive to local needs.
- The key takeaway is that youth can make a positive impact in their community by taking initiatives and engaging in volunteerism, which not only helps their community but also contributes to their personal growth and development.
- And finally, Refugee researchers can design and produce relevant findings in their local communities if given the right skills to carry out PAR Research.

What does this all mean to the context of Kakuma and we researchers?

- This was a learning process for the researchers to share knowledge and design their own research questions that touches the exact problem.
- Contextualizing resources that are available to understand the problem that the research questions address.
- It was important for us to inform and produce locally evidence-based results to improve the CL experience in the refugee context meaningfully.





Participatory Action Research on Connected Learning in Dadaab Refugee Camp

Presenter

Arte Dagane, Dadaab Response Association

Research Team

Mark Okello, Dadaab Response Association Ochan Leomoi, Dadaab Response Association Isnina Issack, Dadaab Response Association Kin Mohamed, Dadaab Response Association Fatuma Maalim, Dadaab Response Association Abdikadir Abikar, Dadaab Response Association Sahra Ismail, Dadaab Response Association

DADAAB REFUGEE COMPLEX



Location – North Eastern, Kenya

Population – 200,000 refugees by UNHCR 12, Jan 2023

• Diverse communities - Major ethnic community is Somali, others include Ethiopians, Eritreans, South Sudanese, Ugandans, Congolese

Interaction between the communities

DADAAB RESPONSE ASSOCIATION (DRA)

- DRA
 - Members
 - Vision
 - Mission
- DRA PARTNERS
 - LERRN
 - AHEEN
 - Kituo CHa Sharia Legal Organizaion
 - RELON-Kenya
 - KADANA -Refugee Association

WEBSITE --

https://carleton.ca/lerrn/learn-with-lerrn/publications/dadaab-response-association/

Friday, August 12, 2022

The Impact of COVID-19 on Education and Youth Well-Being in the Dadaab Refugee Camps

Okello Oyat, Ochan Leomoi, Arte Dagane, Abdikadir Abikar, Dadaab Response Association Executive summary: The onset of the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in school closures globally, including in the Dadaab refugee camps. This study explored the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on education in the Dadaab refugee camps. Based on semi-structured... More

Wednesday, November 24, 2021

Building Local Professional Learning Communities with and for Teachers in Refugee Camps - A Case Study on Hareed Primary School in Dadaab

https://youtu.be/dqZfugjBK_Q Abdikadir Bare Abikar, Member of the Dadaab Response Association, Graduate of the Master of Education, York University Borderless Higher Education for Refugees Program Executive summary: This paper is a modified version of a Major Research Paper for the Master of Education degree at York University as part of the... More

Thursday, May 13, 2021

Investigating Corporal Punishment in Refugee Secondary Schools in Dadaab, Kenya



THE CONNECTED LEARNING PROGRAMS IN DADAAB CONTEXT

- Borderless Higher Education For Refugee and Host
 - Universities York University, Kenyatta University; University of British Columbia, Moi University;
 - Programs Certifications, Diploma, Degree, Masters
- The African Higher Education in Emergency Network (AHEEN) -
 - Universities University of Nairobi, Moi University, Purdue University
 - Programs Diploma and Certification
- Open Society University Network (OSUN)
 - Micro-college for community-based learning and civic engagement; BARD college transcript and OSUN certificate of completion

HELP DADAAB

- Is a charity organization, Initiated by a former refugee, now in UK. Provides highr education to refugees & host communities.
- It is through Cambridge International organization- Diploma courses

METHODOLOGY

Quantitative

- Survey questionnaires Modified Connected Learning Survey Instrument
- Participants 110
- 61 (72.62%) Refugees
- 22 (26.19%) Kenyans

Qualitative

- Semi-structured Interviews
- Participants 18, representing both the refugees and host communities.

Participants recruitment

Selective sampling

RESEARCH TOPIC

 "the Impact of Higher Education on Students/Alumni of Borderless Higher Education for Refugees (BHER)/Open Society University Network/African Higher Education in Emergency Network/the Connected Learning Society Studies in Dadaab"

PARTICIPATORY ACTION RESEARCH IN DADAAB

WHAT A PARTICIPATORY ACTION RESEARCH LOOKS LIKE IN DADAAB?

• WHO WAS INVOLVED IN THE STUDY? 8 members (4 male & 4 female)

- HOW ARE MEMBERS TRAINED?
 - Online CLCC Training modules
 - In-person local training

PRELIMINARY FINDINGS - Qualitative

New learning mapping to interests

- "Yeah. Actually, before joining this program, the AHEIEN program, and the OSUN program, I didn't know actually how to actually set up the zoom platform, this program to connect learning, email all, and how to even coordinate with other people".
- "And before I joined the programs, these online programs I had never been able even to touch a computer".
- "Before I joined the BHER program, I did not have any higher educational opportunities. I did not know how to write even lesson plans for learners. But, when I began my study I received so many experiences and everything changed according to my interests".

ADDITIONAL FINDINGS

Learning translated immediately to community applications

- Actually, I thank you very much. I must say that in the program that we are completing in December
 with the AHEEN, we are taking an engineering course actually this time. And one of the engineering
 programs we are taking is to bring solutions at the community level. So we are designing a project that
 is going to be helpful to our community and I must say that we are having a good professor, actually,
 what I am going to design is that are lights, solar lights for these refugee camps which will support a lot.
- One of them is leadership skills. Not only in the school but, even at the community level because
 whatsoever we have learned in the Borderless Higher Educations for Refugees, has really helped us to
 at least also mold and equip the community we have

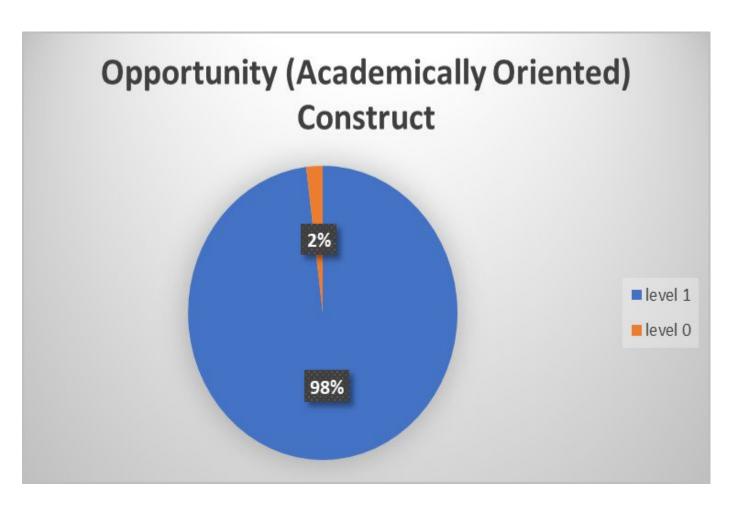
NEXT STEPS

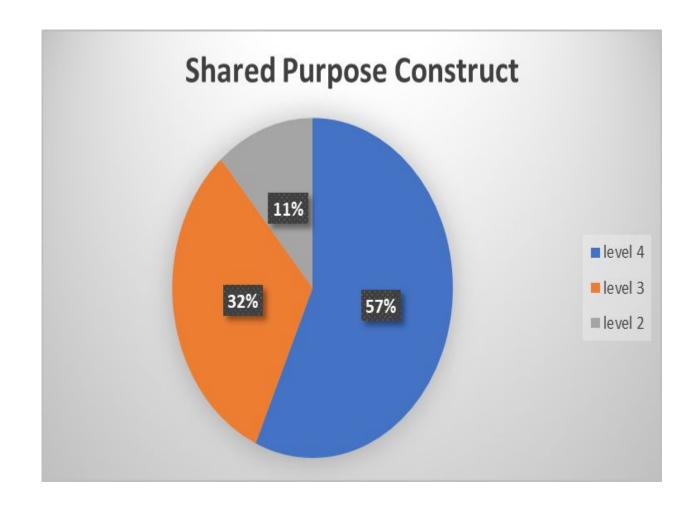
- Completing the analysis
- Dissemination of the research
 - Dadaab Community
 - Connected Learning Alliance
 - •BHER
 - AHEEN
 - OSUN
 - HELP Dadaab
 - •UNHCR

Thank you!



Participatory Research Approach in Emergencies





Level 1, Level 2, Level 3